



MOROCCO ISLAMIC HERITAGE

Ref. BK-G06ACA01

DAY 1: ARRIVAL CASABLANCA



Meet and greet at Casablanca Airport by our local representative. Discover the economic capital of Morocco, the Beautiful pearl of the Atlantic Ocean, the city of Islamic heritage and today the most luxury and wealthy city of Morocco, a city not only for Kings and Princes, with its beautiful surroundings. The atmosphere has a unique beauty and mystic which you will never find in the world.

Visit the Nations Palace, Mohamed V Square and the residential area of Anfa. **Halal dinner**, hotel transfer and overnight in Casablanca.



DAY 2: CASABLANCA – MARRAKECH

Breakfast. Proceed the city tour to see the facade of Mosque Hassan II, which has the tallest minaret in the world. Visit the impressive king Hassan II Muslim Centre including the exterior of the giant Mosque, which can hold 25,000 worshippers, making it one of the most impressive Mosques in the World. You will be taken through the most beautiful locations like the old city as Habous District and to enjoy the beautiful harbor of "Ainsbai". **Lunch on cost**.

Depart to **Marrakech**, the most fascinating city, the Pearl of the South and one of the Imperial cities of Morocco. Start discovering this almost one thousand years old city. **Halal dinner**, hotel transfer and overnight in Marrakech.



DAY 3: MARRAKECH

Breakfast. Serving as the capital of southern Morocco, the city of Marrakech is one of the most visited countries. This colourful oasis retains a rather exotic flavour with some of its 16Km mud brick ramparts still standing. Marrakech is now something of a Moroccan tourism heaven and is home to the south's premier Souq (market). Founded almost 1,000 years ago, the character of Marrakech remains quite unchanged, being hot, full of energy and somewhat African. Walk through the Menara in the olive fields, visit the Bahia Palace. **Lunch on cost**.

Spread around the Medina and Djemaa El Fna square and its souqs. The Koutoubia Mosque is one of the most eye-catching of Marrakech. **Halal dinner** and overnight in Marrakech.



DAY 4: MARRAKECH – BENI MELLAL - FEZ

Breakfast. Depart to Northern Morocco, with destination Fez. Discover the city of **Beni Mellal**. The city has good connections via the road to Casablanca to the East and lies on the ancient route -now a national road -from Fez to Marrakech. It is quite far inland and is shielded by the Middle Atlas Mountains, sitting at the foot of Mount Tassemit (2,247m), next to the plains of Beni Amir. Visit the falls and gardens of **Ain Asserdoun**. **Lunch on cost**.

Proceed to **Fez** or, as some spell it, Fes – the Moroccan city with the shortest name and the longest past, as well as the oldest Imperial City of the entire Kingdom. **Halal dinner**, hotel transfer and overnight in Fes.





DAY 5: FEZ



Breakfast. Your City Tour of Fes will include viewing the exterior of the **Royal Palace** though general public are barred from entering the Palace, but it is still an impressive sight even from outside. The **Mosque of Bouanania**, built between 1350 and 1357, is the biggest in Fes, and the hallmark of Merenid architecture. **Lunch on cost.**

The **University of al-Qarawiyyin** is a university located in Fes, Morocco. It is the oldest existing, continually operating and the first degree awarding educational institution in the world according to UNESCO and Guinness World Records and is sometimes referred to as the oldest university. The al-Qarawiyyin mosque - religious school was founded by Fatima Al-Fihri in 859 with an associated madrasa. **Halal dinner** and overnight in Fez.



DAY 6: FEZ – MEKNES – RABAT – CASABLANCA

Breakfast. Depart to the Imperial City of **Meknes**, the city of olive groves founded by the *Meknasa* tribe, after whom it was named. This small city was expanded in the Era of Sultan Abdetmoumen in 1145, as well as during the glorious era of the Alaouite King Moulay Ismail. Visit the Ismailian Capital, famous for its 40-Kilometre-long walls. Visit the Old Medina, Souqs and Moulay Ismail Mosque square with its old shrine.

Continue to **Rabat**, the elegant and green administrative Capital of Morocco. One of Morocco's imperial cities, known for its large avenues and green gardens. Modern Rabat is clean and open. It is surrounded by both old Muslim quarters as well as beautiful remains from all periods of Moroccan history. Embark on a city tour which includes the Royal Palace area, the Mausoleum of Mohammed V and the Hassan Tower. **Lunch on cost.**

Proceed our trip to **Casablanca** and spend one more special night in its beautiful corners. **Halal dinner**, hotel transfer and overnight in Casablanca.



DAY 7: CASABLANCA – DEPARTURE

Breakfast. Transfer out to Casablanca International Airport for departure with warm memories.

SHOPPING



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PRICE INCLUDES

- Transfers in-out
- Meet & Greet
- Program on Halal Half board – Lunch on cost
- Entrance fees according program
- Modern transportation Morocco
- English speaking escort guide
- Official local guides in all cities of Morocco
- 1 liter of water for each 4 pax during meals
- 1 bottle of water 330 ml daily during the tour

PRICE EXCLUDES

- Other services or extras
- Insurance
- Beverages during meals Lunch or Dinner
- Porters at the airport or hotels
- Tipping
- Luggage services
- Full Board Supplement

TOUR HIGHLIGHTS

CASABLANCA

MOSQUE HASSAN II

It is the largest mosque in Morocco and the 7th largest in the world. Its minaret is the world's tallest at 210 metres. The mosque stands on a promontory looking out to the Atlantic Ocean, the sea bed being visible through the glass floor of the building's hall.[4] The walls are of hand-crafted marble and the roof is retractable. A maximum of 105,000 worshippers can gather together for prayer: 25,000 inside the mosque hall and another 80,000 on the mosque's outside grounds.

MARRAKECH

BAHIA PALACE

A Palace and a set of gardens built in the late 19th century, intended to be the greatest palace of its time. The name means "brilliance". As in other buildings of the period in other countries, it was intended to capture the essence of the Islamic and Moroccan style. There is a 2 acre (8.000m²) garden with rooms opening onto courtyards.

SAADIAN TOMBS

The tombs were discovered in 1917. The mausoleum comprises the interments of about sixty members of the Saadi Dynasty that originated in the valley of the Draa River.

DJEMAA EL FNA

Is a square and market place in Marrakech's medina quarter (old city). During the day it is predominantly occupied by orange juice stalls, youths with chained Barbary apes, water sellers with traditional leather water-bags and brass cups, and snake charmers.

FES

QARAWIYYIN MOSQUE

Also known as *Al-Qarawiyyin Mosque*, was founded in 859. It is incredibly old and it has served as a home for the University of Al-Karaouine for centuries – giving cause for the Guinness Book of World Records to name the university as the "oldest existing educational institution in the world".

RABAT

HASSAN TOWER

It is the minaret of an incomplete mosque. Begun in 1195, the tower was intended to be the largest minaret in the world along with the mosque, also intended to be the world's largest. In 1199, Sultan Yacub al-Mansour died and construction on the mosque stopped. It was granted Unesco World Heritage in 2012.



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